

# Datasheet



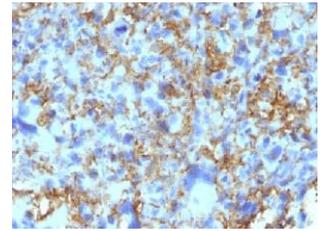
Mouse mAb to **MHC II DRB**  
Clone **LN-3**  
Isotype **IgG2b-κ**

## Source

A BALB/c mouse was immunized with nuclei from pokeweed mitogen-stimulated PBL.  
Fusion partner: NS-1.

## Specifications

MHC class II molecules are encoded by polymorphic MHC genes and consist of a non-covalent complex of an  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  chain. Helper T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by MHC class II molecules. MHC class II molecules bind 13-18 amino acid antigenic peptides. Accumulating in endosomal/lysosomal compartments and on the surface of B cells, HLA-DM and -DO molecules regulate binding of exogenous peptides to class II molecules (HLA-DR) by sustaining a conformation that favors peptide exchange. The differential structural properties of MHC class I and class II molecules account for their respective roles in activating different populations of T lymphocytes.



**Figure 1:** Human histiocytoma stained with LN3 (paraffin)

## Species reactivity

Positive: human, monkey.  
Negative: mouse.

## Applications

Demonstration of MHC II DR.

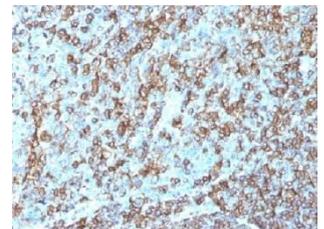
Flow cytometry	Frozen sections	Paraffin sections
+	+	Citrate

## Format

Produced in tissue culture, contains no host Ig. Antibodies are affinity purified and presented in PBS with 0,02 % sodium azide.  
Stored at 4°C- 8°C, shelf life is at least 24 months after purchase.

## Dilution advice

Flow cytometry (0,5-1,0  $\mu$ g/million cells in 0,1 ml).  
Immunohistology (1-2  $\mu$ g/ml for 30 min at RT; staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH 6,0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes).



**Figure 2:** Human tonsil stained with LN3 (paraffin)

## Positive control

Ramos, Daudi or HuT78 cells. Tonsil or lymph node.

## References

- Marder, R.L. et al. *Lab. Invest.* **52**: 497-504 (1985).
- Andrade, R.E. et al. *Human Pathology* **19**: 932-941 (1988).
- Azumi N. et al. *Human Pathology* **19**: 1376-1382 (1988).