

Quin-2, AM *CAS 83104-85-2*

Catalog number: 21050 Unit size: 1 mg

Component	Storage	Amount
Quin-2, AM *CAS 83104-85-2*	Freeze (< -15 °C), Minimize light exposure	1 vial (1 mg)

OVERVIEW

Quin-2 binds calcium tightly and resembles calcium chelator EGTA in ability to bind calcium much more tightly than magnesium. Binding of calcium causes large changes in ultraviolet absorption and fluorescence. The wavelengths of light that cause fluorescence when calcium is bound are longer than the wavelengths that cause fluorescence when it is not bound. When excited at two different wavelengths, the ratio of the fluorescence intensities at the two wavelengths gives the ratio of the concentrations of bound to free calcium. Free Quin-2 concentration can be measured precisely, so free calcium concentration can be calculated precisely. Quin-2 may be injected into cells to measure moment-to-moment changes in intracellular calcium concentration. Quin-2 AM is permeable to cells, and used for studying live cells.

KEY PARAMETERS

Fluorescence microplate reader

 Excitation
 340

 Emission
 495

 Cutoff
 475

Recommended plate Black wall/clear bottom

Instrument specification(s) Bottom read mode/Programmable liquid

handling

PREPARATION OF STOCK SOLUTIONS

Unless otherwise noted, all unused stock solutions should be divided into single-use aliquots and stored at -20 °C after preparation. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Quin-2 AM Stock Solution

Prepare a 2 to 5 mM stock solution of Quin-2 AM in high-quality, anhydrous DMSO

PREPARATION OF WORKING SOLUTION

Quin-2 AM Working Solution

On the day of the experiment, either dissolve Quin-2 AM in DMSO or thaw an aliquot of the indicator stock solution to room temperature. Prepare a dye working solution of 2 to 20 μM in a buffer of your choice (e.g., Hanks and Hepes buffer) with 0.04% Pluronic® F-127. For most cell lines, Quin-2 AM at a final concentration of 4-5 μM is recommended. The exact concentration of indicators required for cell loading must be determined empirically.

Note The nonionic detergent Pluronic® F-127 is sometimes used to increase the aqueous solubility of Quin-2 AM. A variety of Pluronic® F-127 solutions can be purchased from AAT Bioquest.

Note If your cells contain organic anion-transporters, probenecid (1-2 mM) may be added to the dye working solution (final in well concentration will be 0.5-1 mM) to reduce leakage of the de-esterified indicators. A variety of ReadiUse[™] probenecid products, including water-soluble, sodium salt, and stabilized solution, can be purchased from AAT Bioquest.

SAMPLE EXPERIMENTAL PROTOCOL

Following is our recommended protocol for loading AM esters into live cells. This protocol only provides a guideline and should be modified according to your specific needs.

- 1. Prepare cells in growth medium overnight.
- On the next day, add 1X Quin-2 AM working solution into your cell plate.

Note If your compound(s) interfere with the serum, replace the growth medium with fresh HHBS buffer before dye-loading.

 Incubate the dye-loaded plate in a cell incubator at 37 °C for 30 to 60 minutes.

Note Incubating the dye for longer than 1 hour can improve signal intensities in certain cell lines.

- Replace the dye working solution with HHBS or buffer of your choice (containing an anion transporter inhibitor, such as 1 mM probenecid, if applicable) to remove any excess probes.
- Add the stimulant as desired and simultaneously measure fluorescence using a fluorescence plate reader containing a programmable liquid handling system such as a FlexStation, at Ex/Em = 340/495 cutoff 475 nm.

EXAMPLE DATA ANALYSIS AND FIGURES

Figure 1. Chemical structure for Quin-2, AM *CAS 83104-85-2*

DISCLAIMER

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