

Murine Anti-Factor XII

Clone GMA-141

Factor XII (FXII), also known as Hageman factor, is an activator of both coagulation and the kinin system. During contact activation, factor XII (Mr 80,000) is proteolytically cleaved at several sites, creating activated factor XIIa. Factor XIIa cleaves prekallikrein to kallikrein and factor XI to factor XIa. GMA-141 binds FXII in ELISA and Western blot.

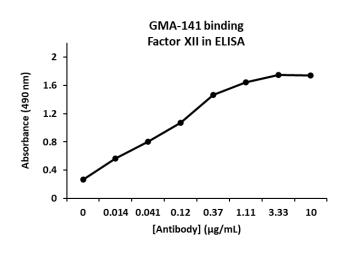
Description

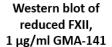
Antibody Source:	mouse monoclonal, IgG ₁
Antigen Species Bound:	human
Specificity:	factor XII
Immunogen:	human factor XII

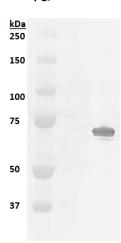
Formulation and Storage

Purity:	Purified by protein G affinity chromatography from serum-free cell culture supernatant.
Product Formulation:	Lyophilized from a ≥ 1 mg/ml solution in 20 mM NaH ₂ PO ₄ 0.15 M NaCl, 1.0% (w/v) mannitol, pH 7.4. Concentration determined by absorbance measurement at 280 nm and using an extinction coefficient of 1.4 ($\epsilon_{0.1\%}$).
Reconstitution:	Reconstitute with deionized water.
Storage:	Store lyophilized or reconstituted and aliquoted material at -20°C for prolonged periods. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Alternatively, add 0.02% (w/v) sodium azide to reconstituted solution and store at 4°C.
Country of Origin:	USA
Size Options:	0.1 mg or 0.5 mg

Applications Working Concentration: Approximately 1-5 µg/ml. Researcher should titer antibody in specific assay. ELISA: Binds immobilized human FXII. Immunoblotting: Binds human FXII and FXIIa under reduced and nonreduced conditions.







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